

# Practice AP MC Part B

Grade: «grade»  
Subject: «subject»  
Date: «date»

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76. A particle moves along the  $x$ -axis so that at any time  $t \geq 0$  its velocity is given by  $v(t) = t^2 \ln(t + 2)$ . What is the acceleration of the particle at time  $t = 6$ ?

- (A) 1.500      (B) 20.453      (C) 29.453      (D) 74.860      (E) 133.417

use math 8

2

77. If  $\int_0^3 f(x) dx = 6$  and  $\int_3^5 f(x) dx = 4$ , then  $\int_0^5 (3 + 2f(x)) dx =$

- (A) 10      (B) 20      (C) 23      (D) 35      (E) 50

$$\int_0^3 f(x) dx + \int_3^5 f(x) dx = \int_0^5 f(x) dx$$

$$\int_0^5 3 dx + \int_0^5 2f(x) dx$$

$$3(5) - 3(0) + 2(10)$$

$$15 + 20$$

**3**

78. For  $t \geq 0$  hours,  $H$  is a differentiable function of  $t$  that gives the temperature, in degrees Celsius, at an Arctic weather station. Which of the following is the best interpretation of  $H'(24)$ ?

- (A) The change in temperature during the first day
- (B) The change in temperature during the 24th hour
- (C) The average rate at which the temperature changed during the 24th hour
- (D) The rate at which the temperature is changing during the first day
- (E) The rate at which the temperature is changing at the end of the 24th hour

4

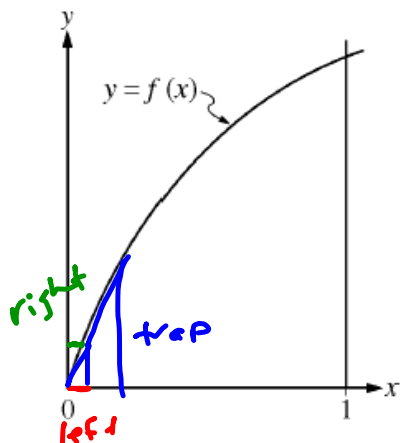
79. A spherical tank contains 81.637 gallons of water at time  $t = 0$  minutes. For the next 6 minutes, water flows out of the tank at the rate of  $9\sin(\sqrt{t+1})$  gallons per minute. How many gallons of water are in the tank at the end of the 6 minutes?

- (A) 36.606      (B) 45.031      (C) 68.858      (D) 77.355      (E) 126.668

$$81.637 - \int_0^6 9\sin(\sqrt{t+1}) dt$$

initial amount — how much flowed out  
between 0 and 6 minutes

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80. A left Riemann sum, a right Riemann sum, and a trapezoidal sum are used to approximate the value of  $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$ , each using the same number of subintervals. The graph of the function  $f$  is shown in the figure above. Which of the sums give an underestimate of the value of  $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$ ?

- I. Left sum
- II. Right sum
- III. Trapezoidal sum

- (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) III only
- ☒ (D) I and III only
- (E) II and III only

6

81. The first derivative of the function  $f$  is given by  $f'(x) = x - 4e^{-\sin(2x)}$ . How many points of inflection does the graph of  $f$  have on the interval  $0 < x < 2\pi$ ?

- (A) Three      (B) Four      (C) Five      (D) Six      (E) Seven

$y1 = \text{math } 8 \quad x - 4e^{-\sin(2x)} \quad x = x$

7

82. If  $f$  is a continuous function on the closed interval  $[a, b]$ , which of the following must be true?

(A) There is a number  $c$  in the open interval  $(a, b)$  such that  $f(c) = 0$ .

(B) There is a number  $c$  in the open interval  $(a, b)$  such that  $f(a) < f(c) < f(b)$ .


(C) There is a number  $c$  in the closed interval  $[a, b]$  such that  $f(c) \geq f(x)$  for all  $x$  in  $[a, b]$ .

(D) There is a number  $c$  in the open interval  $(a, b)$  such that  $f'(c) = 0$ .

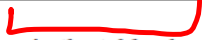
(E) There is a number  $c$  in the open interval  $(a, b)$  such that  $f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$ .



8



$x$	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.1
$f(x)$	31.25	39.20	45	48.05



83. The function  $f$  is differentiable and has values as shown in the table above. Both  $f$  and  $f'$  are strictly increasing on the interval  $0 \leq x \leq 5$ . Which of the following could be the value of  $f'(3)$ ?

(A) 20

(B) 27.5

(C) 29

(D) 30

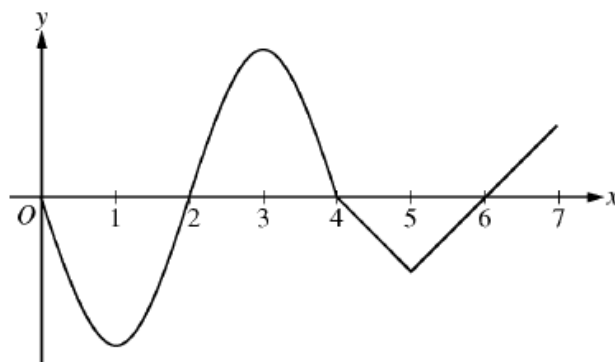
(E) 30.5

MVT

$$48.05 - 39.20$$

$$\frac{\quad}{3.1 - 2.8}$$

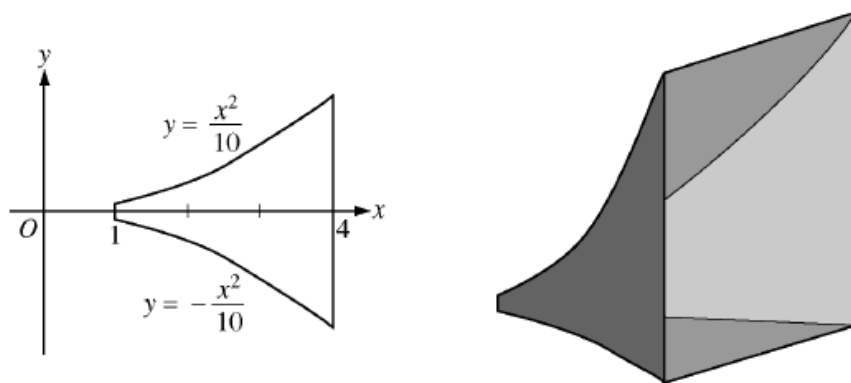
9

Graph of  $f'$ 

84. The graph of  $f'$ , the derivative of the function  $f$ , is shown above. On which of the following intervals is  $f$  decreasing?

- (A)  $[2, 4]$  only
- (B)  $[3, 5]$  only
- (C)  $[0, 1]$  and  $[3, 5]$
- (D)  $[2, 4]$  and  $[6, 7]$
- (E)  $[0, 2]$  and  $[4, 6]$

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85. The base of a loudspeaker is determined by the two curves  $y = \frac{x^2}{10}$  and  $y = -\frac{x^2}{10}$  for  $1 \leq x \leq 4$ , as shown in the figure above. For this loudspeaker, the cross sections perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis are squares. What is the volume of the loudspeaker, in cubic units?

- (A) 2.046      (B) 4.092      (C) 4.200      (D) 8.184      (E) 25.711

$$\int_1^4 \left( \frac{x^2}{10} - -\frac{x^2}{10} \right)^2 dx$$

$$y_1 = \frac{x^2}{10}$$

$$y_2 = -\frac{x^2}{10}$$

$$\int_1^4 (y_1 - y_2)^2 dx$$

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$x$	3	4	5	6	7
$f(x)$	20	17	12	16	20

86. The function  $f$  is continuous and differentiable on the closed interval  $[3, 7]$ . The table above gives selected values of  $f$  on this interval. Which of the following statements must be true?

~~I.~~ The minimum value of  $f$  on  $[3, 7]$  is 12.

II. There exists  $c$ , for  $3 < c < 7$ , such that  $f'(c) = 0$ . ✓

~~III.~~  $f'(x) > 0$  for  $5 < x < 7$ .

(A) I only

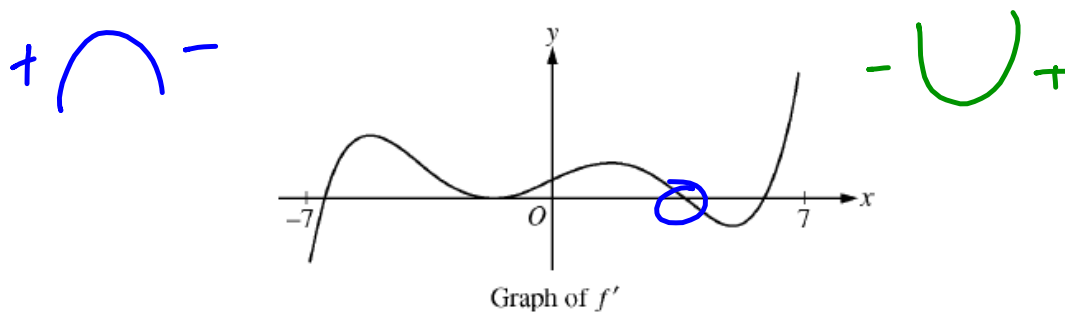
(B) II only

(C) III only

(D) I and III only

(E) I, II, and III

12



87. The figure above shows the graph of  $f'$ , the derivative of the function  $f$ , on the open interval  $-7 < x < 7$ . If  $f'$  has four zeros on  $-7 < x < 7$ , how many relative maxima does  $f$  have on  $-7 < x < 7$ ?

- (A) One      (B) Two      (C) Three      (D) Four      (E) Five

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88. The rate at which water is sprayed on a field of vegetables is given by  $R(t) = 2\sqrt{1 + 5t^3}$ , where  $t$  is in minutes and  $R(t)$  is in gallons per minute. During the time interval  $0 \leq t \leq 4$ , what is the average rate of water flow, in gallons per minute?

(A) 8.458

(B) 13.395

(C) 14.691

(D) 18.916

(E) 35.833

average value of the rate function

$$\frac{1}{4-0} \int_0^4 2\sqrt{1+5t^3} dt$$

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$x$	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$g(x)$	$g'(x)$
1	3	-2	-3	4

89. The table above gives values of the differentiable functions  $f$  and  $g$  and their derivatives at  $x = 1$ . If  $h(x) = (2f(x) + 3)(1 + g(x))$ , then  $h'(1) =$

- (A) -28      (B) -16      (C) 40      (D) 44      (E) 47

product rule!

$$\begin{aligned} & (2f(x) + 3)(g'(x)) + (1 + g(x))(2f'(x)) \\ &= (2(3) + 3)(4) + (1 + (-3))(2(-2)) \end{aligned}$$

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90. The functions  $f$  and  $g$  are differentiable. For all  $x$ ,  $f(g(x)) = x$  and  $g(f(x)) = x$ . If  $f(3) = 8$  and  $f'(3) = 9$ , what are the values of  $g(8)$  and  $g'(8)$ ?

(A)  $g(8) = \frac{1}{3}$  and  $g'(8) = -\frac{1}{9}$

(B)  $g(8) = \frac{1}{3}$  and  $g'(8) = \frac{1}{9}$

(C)  $g(8) = 3$  and  $g'(8) = -9$

(D)  $g(8) = 3$  and  $g'(8) = -\frac{1}{9}$

(E)  $g(8) = 3$  and  $g'(8) = \frac{1}{9}$

$f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  are  
inverses

$$g(8) = 3$$

$$g'(8) = \frac{1}{f'(3)} = \frac{1}{9}$$



16

91. A particle moves along the  $x$ -axis so that its velocity at any time  $t \geq 0$  is given by  $v(t) = 5te^{-t} - 1$ . At  $t = 0$ , the particle is at position  $x = 1$ . What is the total distance traveled by the particle from  $t = 0$  to  $t = 4$ ?

(A) 0.366

(B) 0.542

(C) 1.542

(D) 1.821

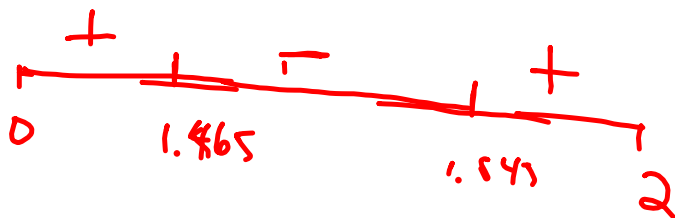
(E) 2.821

$$\int_0^4 |5te^{-t} - 1| dt$$

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92. Let  $f$  be the function with first derivative defined by  $f'(x) = \sin(x^3)$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ . At what value of  $x$  does  $f$  attain its maximum value on the closed interval  $0 \leq x \leq 2$ ?

- (A) 0      (B) 1.162      (C) 1.465      (D) 1.845      (E) 2



$$\int_0^{1.465} \sin(x^3) dx$$

$$\int_0^2 \sin(x^3) dx$$